

1. Busine	ss Overvie	ew					We Fi	ind the Way 日本通運
A. Ove	erview of 1Q	of FY2018						
1) Ove	rview (Consol	idated)				(100 milli	on yen) (rounded do	own to 100 million yen)
	Actual for 1Q of FY2018 (a)	Actual for 1Q of FY2017 (b)	Difference YoY (c) = (a) – (b)	Difference YoY (%) (d) = (c) / (b) × 100	Forecast for 1H (announced on April 27) (e)	Progress (%) (a) / (e) × 100	Difference (compared with forecast) (e) - (a)	Forecast for full fiscal year (announced on April 27)
Revenues	5,162	4,749	412	8.7	10,100	51.1	4,937	20,800
Operating Income	170	152	17	11.6	330	51.5	159	770
Ordinary Income	183	169	14	8.3	350	52.4	166	810
Profit attributable to owners of parent	104	110	(5)	(5.3)	220	47.7	115	450
Opera Ordina [Referer ROA ROE * Profit is	ting Income Ma ary Income Mar nce] Figures in bra forecast for full fis	ckets are the resul 3.0% [0. 8.0% [1.	2%] 6%] ts of FY2017. 4%] 2%] nd total assets are	calculated by usin	ig the averages of	the values as c	of the end of the pr	evious fiscal
opyright©20 <mark>18 N</mark> I	PPON EXPRESS, All	rights reserved.	Briefing Material for 10	Results of the Fiscal Ye	ear Ending March 2019			1

♦ Recognition of the business environment and review (economic environment)

• Amid continuing expansion of the global economy, cargo movement maintained solid performance in Japan and overseas.

• The Company increased revenues by surely capturing such cargo movement.

• Consolidated revenues, operating income, and ordinary income were the highest ever first-quarter results.

erview					Æ	0+3
oy reportable	e segment					
Actual	Co	mparison with FY2	017	Comparison with	n forecast (annound	ed on April 27)
1Q of FY2018	1Q of FY2017	Difference	Difference (%)	Forecast for 1H	Progress (%)	Difference
3,073	2,866	207	7.2	5,990	51.3	2,916
119	99	19	19.9	219	54.7	99
In air freight forw growth rate. Exp	arding, consolidate	ed export cargo weigh related components	nts increased 31.1%	from the previous year	significantly exceed	ing the market tor manufacturing
Actual	Col	mparison with FY20	017	Comparison with	forecast (announce	ed on April 27)
1Q of FY2018	1Q of FY2017	Difference	Difference (%)	Forecast for 1H	Progress (%)	Difference
231	220	11	5.0	469	49,4	23
8	7	1	15.5	20	42.9	1
 Air export freight forwarding and w 	t forwarding was so varehousing and di	lid, mainly for autom stribution transaction	obile-related and me is also increased.		ms. Air and marine in	nport freight
	 In accordance wiyear ending Marris Verar ending Marris Actual 1Q of FY2018 3,073 119 In railway transpicancelled routes in truck transportin marine & harbin air freight forw growth rate. Expequipment to Assent to Assent and the arris of FY2018 Actual 1Q of FY2018 231 Revenues and p Air export freight forwarding and the arris of the arris of	In accordance with organizational ref year ending March 31, 2019, and figure Actual Control Contrect Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Cont	* In accordance with organizational reform, part of the Japar year ending March 31, 2019, and figures for the previous y Actual Comparison with FY2 1Q of 1Q of FY2018 FY2017 Difference Difference 3,073 2,866 207 119 99 19 In railway transportation, transactions increased for autocancelled routes due to the earthquake in northern Osal In truck transportation, cargo movement of automobile-related export cargo weigi growth rate. Exports of automobile-related ecomponents t equipment to Asia remained strong. Actual Comparison with FY20 1Q of FY2018 FY2017 Difference Difference 231 220 11 8 7 8 7 1 Revenues and profit increased on a local currency basis Air export freight forwarding was solid, mainly for autom forwarding and warehousing and distribution transactor	In accordance with organizational reform, part of the Japan segment was chang year ending March 31, 2019, and figures for the previous year are reclassified to Actual Comparison with FY2017 1Q of 1Q of PY2018 FY2018 FY2017 Difference Difference (%) 3,073 2,866 207 7.2 119 99 19 19.9 In railway transportation, transactions increased for automobile-related compression and revenues detered routes due to the earthquake in northern Osaka, and revenues detered in truck transportation, cargo movement of automobile-related components. In marine & harbor transportation, machinery-related exports and container there are harbor transportation, machinery-related exports and container the air freight forwarding, consolidated export cargo weights increased 31.1% growth rate. Exports of automobile-related components to areas in Europe, a equipment to Asia remained strong. Actual Comparison with FY2017 1Q of 1Q of Difference Mifference (%) 231 220 11 5.0 8 7 1 15.5 Revenues and profit increased on a local currency basis. Air export freight forwarding was solid, mainly for automobile-related and me forwarding and warehousing and distrothore andiscone also increased.	In accordance with organizational reform, part of the Japan segment was changed to the Security Transvear ending March 31, 2019, and figures for the previous year are reclassified to reflect the segment change of the segment of the security Transvear ending March 31, 2019, and figures for the previous year are reclassified to reflect the segment change of the segment of the security Transvear ending March 31, 2019, and figures for the previous year are reclassified to reflect the segment change of the security Transveare ending March 31, 2019, and figures for the previous year are reclassified to reflect the segment change of the security Transveare ending March 31, 2019, and figures for the previous year are reclassified to reflect the segment change of the security Transveare ending March 31, 2019, and figures for the previous year are reclassified to reflect the segment change of the security Transveare ending March 31, 2019, and figures for the security Transveare ending of the security the security transveare ending of the security to the security transveare ending of the sec	In accordance with organizational reform, part of the Japan segment was changed to the Security Transportation segment effere year ending March 31, 2019, and figures for the previous year are reclassified to reflect the segment change for the purpose of Actual Comparison with FY2017 Comparison with forecast (announce for the previous year are reclassified to reflect the segment change for the purpose of FY2018 In accordance with organizational reform, part of the Japan segment was changed to the Security Transportation segment effective or the purpose of Actual Comparison with FY2017 Comparison with forecast (announce for the previous year are reclassified to reflect the segment change for the purpose of FY2018 1Q of FY2018 FY2017 Difference Difference (%) Forecast for 1H Progress (%) 3,073 2,866 207 7.2 5,990 51.3 119 99 19 19.9 219 54.7 In railway transportation, cargo movement of automobile-related components, steel and others, but there were more sus cancelled routes due to the earthquake in northern Osaka, and revenues declined. In truck transportation, acrigo movement of automobile-related components, steel and others maintained solid performant In marine & harbor transportation, machinery-related exports and container terminal operations grew. In an intrained strong. Actual Comparison with FY2017 Comparison with forecast (announce growth rate. Exports of automobile-related components to areas in Europe, and electroni

*The overview by reportable segment below is for the first quarter (3month period from April to June). The first quarter of overseas segments is the January-March period.

 \Diamond Japan ••• Higher revenues, higher profit

• Generally solid performance centering on international freight, reflecting cargo movement in Japan

• In railway transportation, transactions increased for automobile-related components and others, but there were more suspended or cancelled routes due to the earthquake in northern Osaka.

• In truck transportation, cargo movement of automobile-related components, steel and others maintained solid performance.

• In marine & harbor transportation, machinery-related exports and container terminal operations grew.

• In air freight forwarding, consolidated export cargo weights increased 31.1% from the previous year, significantly exceeding the market growth rate of 19.0%. Exports of automobile-related components to areas in Europe, and electronic components and semiconductor manufacturing equipment to Asia remained strong.

• For the trend in weight for export air freight originating from Japan and the Company's share for export air freight originating from Japan, please refer to Page 1 of the supplementary material.

• For the increase/decrease in operating income by business in Japan segment, please refer to Page 2 of the supplementary material. Although the data do not reflect the financial closing procedures and are for reference only, they show the trend of each business.

\diamond The Americas ••• Higher revenues, higher profit

Revenues and profit increased on a local currency basis excluding the impact of foreign exchange rates, too.

• Air export freight forwarding was solid, mainly for automobile-related and medical device-related items.

• Air import freight forwarding, marine import freight forwarding, and warehousing and distribution transactions also increased.

• Reduction of expenses, which have been trending upward, progressed due to customer transfer and greater efficiency.

							NIPPON EXPR
B. Overviev	w by reportab	le segment					
3) Europe						(100 million yen
	Actual	Co	omparison with FY2	2017	Comparison with	n forecast (announce	d on April 27)
	1Q of FY2018	1Q of FY2017	Difference	Difference (%)	Forecast for 1H	Progress (%)	Difference
Revenues	285	214	70	32.9	551	51.8	265
Segment Income	5	8	(2)	(30.5)	20	28.0	14
Overview	 In France, trans Service orders v Traconf S.r.I. was 	actions with non-Ja were lost in Italy, ar as consolidated and	apanese customers i nd profit declined. d contributed to reve	ncreased. nues. However, profit		ew, and the warehousi ncrease in temporary e	
Overview 4) East Asia	 In France, trans Service orders v Traconf S.r.I. was 	actions with non-Ja were lost in Italy, ar as consolidated and	apanese customers i nd profit declined.	ncreased. nues. However, profit			
	 In France, trans Service orders v Traconf S.r.I. was 	actions with non-Ja were lost in Italy, ar as consolidated and a new major projec	apanese customers i nd profit declined. d contributed to reve	ncreased. nues. However, profit of goodwill.	decreased due to an i		xpenses related
	 In France, trans Service orders v Traconf S.r.l. wa to the launch of 	actions with non-Ja were lost in Italy, ar as consolidated and a new major projec	apanese customers i nd profit declined. d contributed to reve ct, and amortization o	ncreased. nues. However, profit of goodwill.	decreased due to an i	ncrease in temporary e	xpenses related
	In France, trans Service orders v TraconfS.r.I. wa to the launch of	eactions with non-Ja were lost in Italy, ar as consolidated and a new major project Co 1Q of	apanese customers i d profit declined. d contributed to reve ct, and amortization omparison with FY2	ncreased. nues. However, profit of goodwill. 2017	decreased due to an i Comparison with	ncrease in temporary e n forecast (announce	xpenses related
4) East Asia	In France, trans Service orders v Traconf S.rl. we to the launch of Actual 1Q of FY2018	actions with non-Ja were lost in Italy, an a consolidated an a new major project Co 1Q of FY2017	apanese customers i d profit declined. d contributed to reve ct, and amortization omparison with FY2 Difference	ncreased. nues. However, profit of goodwill. 2017 Difference (%)	decreased due to an i Comparison witt Forecast for 1H	ncrease in temporary e n forecast (announce Progress (%)	xpenses related d on April 27) Difference

 \diamond Europe ••• Higher revenues, lower profit

Revenues increased and profit decreased on a local currency basis excluding the impact of foreign exchange rates, too.

• Air export freight forwarding transactions of automobile-related and medical device-related items grew, and the warehousing and distribution business remained solid.

• Profit decreased because service orders were lost in Italy, and as a reactionary decline in the absence of the temporary service orders of the previous year.

• Traconf S.r.I., which was consolidated at the beginning of the first quarter, contributed to revenues.

However, profit decreased due to an increase in temporary expenses related to the launch of a new major project, and amortization of goodwill.

 \diamondsuit East Asia ••• Higher revenues, lower profit

Revenues increased and profit decreased on a local currency basis excluding the impact of foreign exchange rates, too.

• Air export freight forwarding and marine export freight forwarding were solid, and automobile-related warehousing and distribution and truck transportation grew.

• Recovery of the profit was delayed as air forwarding costs remained high due to charter flight regulations in China.

	verview					a	
B. Overview	v by reportabl	e segment					
5) South Asia &	Oceania						(100 million yen
	Actual	Co	omparison with FY20)17	Comparison with	n forecast (announc	ed on April 27)
	1Q of FY2018	1Q of FY2017	Difference	Difference (%)	Forecast for 1H	Progress (%)	Difference
Revenues	218	194	23	12.3	423	51.6	204
Segment Income	8	7	0	11.5	18	48.8	Ş
Overview 6) Security Tran	Air export freigh warehousing an Forwarding cost sportation * In accordance w	t forwarding for auto d distribution transa ts and vehicle charto //th organizational ref	actions grew. ering and subcontracti form, part of the Japan	, electronic compone ing costs increased segment was change	ents, and pharmaceution markedly. ed to the Security Trans, reflect the segment cha	portation segment effe	ctive from the fisc
	Actual	Co	mparison with FY20	17	Comparison with	forecast (announce	
							ed on April 27)
	1Q of FY2018	1Q of FY2017	Difference	Difference (%)	Forecast for 1H	Progress (%)	ed on April 27) Difference
Revenues	0		Difference	Difference (%) 0.1	Forecast for 1H 362	Progress (%) 49.9	
Revenues Segment Income	FY2018	FY2017					Difference

♦ South Asia & Oceania ••• Higher revenue, higher profit

Revenues and profit increased on a local currency basis excluding the impact of foreign exchange rates, too.

• Air export freight forwarding for automobile-related items, electronic components, pharmaceuticals, etc., were strong.

• Warehousing and distribution transactions also grew.

• Forwarding costs and vehicle chartering and subcontracting costs increased markedly.

 \diamond Security Transportation ••• Higher revenue, lower profit

• Acquisition of outsourcing from regional financial institutions increased due to expanded sales of the cash logistics platform.

• Profit declined due to rising personnel expenses and fuel costs.

B. Overview	by reportabl	e segment					
7) Heavy Haulag	•	-					(100 million yen)
	Actual		nparison with FY20)17	Comparison with	forecast (announce	ed on April 27)
	1Q of FY2018	1Q of FY2017	Difference	Difference (%)	Forecast for 1H	Progress (%)	Difference
Revenues	124	123	1	0.9	243	51.1	118
Segment Income	10	9	0	9.8	20	53.4	9
Overview	 Wind power plan 	nt-related transporta	non and installation	III Japan and overse			
3) Logistics Sup	mostlý as plánn port	ed.					parprogressed
			nparison with FY20			forecast (announce	
	port		nparison with FY20				
	port Actual 1Q of	Con 1Q of)17	Comparison with	forecast (announce	ed on April 27)
3) Logistics Sup	Actual 1Q of FY2018	Con 1Q of FY2017	Difference)17 Difference (%)	Comparison with Forecast for 1H	forecast (announce Progress (%)	ed on April 27) Difference

♦ Heavy Haulage & Construction ••• Higher revenue, higher profit

• Wind power plant-related transportation and installation in Japan and overseas, and heavy electric-related projects in Japan progressed mostly as planned.

 \diamond Logistics Support ••• Higher revenue, higher profit

• Revenues rose due to an increase in the unit selling price of oil at Nittsu Shoji.

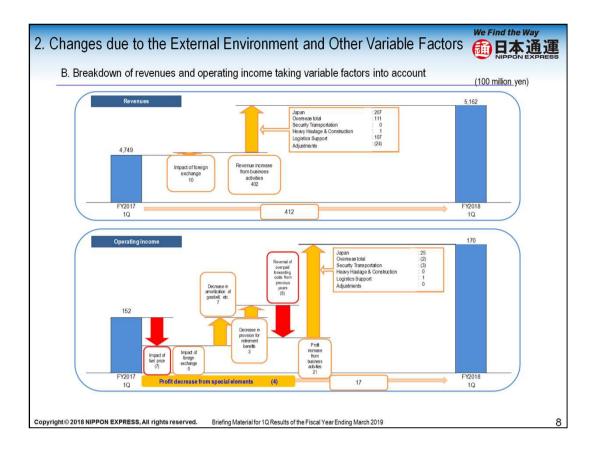
• The logistics support business including export packing services also maintained solid performance.

2. Changes due to the External Environment and Other Variable Factors

Change factors	Impact on consoli	dated results		R	eference	
Impact of change in unit fuel price	Operating income:	¥(0.75) billion	Light oil: Gasoline: Heavy oil:	¥102.64/ℓ ¥135.35/ℓ ¥ 52.88/ℓ	[FY2017] [¥ 86.75] [¥120.53] [¥ 42.45]	
Impact of foreign exchange	Revenues: Operating income:	¥1.04 billion ¥0.05 billion	USD: EUR: HKD: RMB:	¥108.30 ¥133.22 ¥ 13.84 ¥ 17.05	[FY2017] [¥113.64] [¥121.08] [¥ 14.65] [¥ 16.57]	

2. Changes due to the External Environment and Other Variable Factors

Change factors	Impact on consolidated results	Reference	
Impact from impairment loss on goodwill and non- current assets	Operating income: ¥0.75 billion	Japan: ¥0.62 billion South Asia & Oceania: ¥0.13 billion	
Decrease in provision for retirement benefits	Operating income: ¥0.34 billion	Japan: ¥0.27 billion Security Transportation: ¥0.06 billion Heavy Haulage & Construction: ¥0.00 billion	
Other impact (special factors from previous year)	Operating income: ¥(0.8) billion (* Reversal of overpaid forwarding costs from previous years)	Japan: ¥(0.8) billion	



 \Diamond Initiatives to collect adequate fees

• In the first quarter, profit increased by 0.3 billion yen due to an increase of 2.6 billion yen in revenues, and a rise in unit price of vehicle chartering and subcontracting costs of 2.3 billion yen.

		Forecast for FY2018			Actual for FY2017		[Rati	(100 Difference o of difference () million ye %)]
	1H	2H	Full FY	1H	2H	Full FY	1H	2H	Full FY
Revenues	10,100	10,700	20,800	9,561	10,391	19,953	538 [5.6]	308 [3.0]	846 [4.2]
Operating Income	330	440	770	322	380	702	7 [2.4]	59 [15.7]	67 [9.6
Ordinary Income	350	460	810	344	399	743	5 [1.5]	60 [15.3]	66 [8.9]
Profit attributable to owners of parent	220	230	450	215	(150)	65	4 [2.0]	380 [-]	384 [588.7]

 \diamondsuit The consolidated forecast is unchanged from the forecast announced on April 27.

			Full year			1H			2H	100 million yen
	Item	Forecast for FY2018	Actual for FY2017	Difference [Ratio of difference (%)]	Forecast for FY2018	Actual for FY2017	Difference [Ratio of difference (%)]	Forecast for FY2018	Actual for FY2017	Difference [Ratio of difference (%)]
	Revenues	12,245	11,886	358 [3.0]	5,990	5,769	220 [3.8]	6,255	<mark>6</mark> ,117	13 [2.2
Japan	Operating Income	516	455	60 [13.2]	219	198	20 [10.1]	297	257	3 [15.6
	Income Margin (%)	4.2	3.8	-	3.7	3.4	-	4.7	4.2	
Th	Revenues	954	913	40 [4.4]	469	448	20 [4.6]	485	465	1 [4.5
The Americas	Operating Income	43	44	(1) [(4.1)]	20	27	(7) [(26.1)]	23	17	[29.4
0,	Income Margin (%)	4.5	4.9		4.3	6.0		4.7	3.8	
	Revenues	1,124	960	163 [17.0]	551	438	112 [25.7]	573	522	5 [9.7
Europe	Operating Income	46	41	4 [10.7]	20	17	2 [15.7]	26	24	[7.1
	Income Margin (%)	4.1	4.3		3.6	3.9	2°	4.5	4.6	

\diamondsuit Japan

• Transportation demand centering on air freight is expected to remain solid.

• Uncertainties will likely remain high regarding the upward trend in forwarding costs and vehicle chartering and subcontracting costs, as well as the international situation, making it difficult to predict prospects for the second half of the fiscal year onward.

\Diamond Overseas

• In China, high air forwarding costs are expected to continue despite the cancellation of charter flight regulations.

• Increases in personnel expenses and vehicle chartering and subcontracting costs are expected to become evident in other regions, too.

• Concerns about the environment for international logistics operations, such as trade friction between the U.S. and China, are increasing.

• The Company's facilities were damaged by floods caused by torrential rains in west Japan in July 2018.

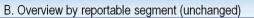
• Many railway tracks and roads, which are key transport arteries, were damaged. It has been reported that restoration of certain sections of the

Sanyo Main Line will not be completed until November.

• Revenues may decrease greatly for railway transportation etc. from July onward. However, at this point in time, overall impacts are still unclear.

• In view of these circumstances, the consolidated forecast is unchanged from the previous forecast.

3. Performance Outlook of FY2018



Copyright © 2018 NIPPON EXPRESS, All rights reserved. Briefing Material for 1Q Results of the Fiscal Year Ending March 2019

			Full year			1H			2H	
	ltem	Forecast for FY2018	Actual for FY2017	Difference [Ratio of difference (%)]	Forecast for FY2018	Actual for FY2017	Difference [Ratio of difference (%)]	Forecast for FY2018	Actual for FY2017	Difference [Ratio of difference (%)]
	Revenues	1,213	1,174	38 [3.2]	572	547	24 [4.4]	641	627	1: [2.2
(Operating Income	28	18	9 [51.7]	12	7	4 [56.1]	16	10	[48.6
	Income Margin (%)	2.3	1.6	÷	2.1	1.4		2.5	1.7	
	Revenues	900	853	46 [5.4]	423	395	27 [7.0]	477	458	1 [4.0
(Operating Income	37	33	3 [8.9]	18	16	1 [10.2]	19	17	[7.
	Income Margin (%)	4.1	4.0		4.3	<mark>4</mark> .1		4.0	3.8	
	Revenues	739	720	18 [2.6]	362	360	1 [0.5]	377	359	1 [4.1
(Operating Income	15	21	(6) [(29.7)]	5	10	(5) [(53.3)]	10	10	() [(6.0
	Income Margin (%)	2.0	3.0	-	1.4	3.0		2.7	3.0	

11

We Find the Way 面日本通運

3. Performance Outlook of FY2018

B. Overview by reportable segment (unchanged)

			Full year			1H			2H	
		Forecast for FY2018	Actual for FY2017	Difference [Ratio of difference (%)]	Forecast for FY2018	Actual for FY2017	Difference [Ratio of difference (%)]	Forecast for FY2018	Actual for FY2017	Difference [Ratio of difference (%)]
Heav	Revenues	458	476	(18) [(3.8)]	243	248	(5) [(2.3)]	215	227	(12) [(5.4)]
Heavy Haulage Construction	Operating Income	36	40	(4) [(11.4)]	20	23	(3) [(14.7)]	16	17	(1) [(6.8)]
Q0	Income Margin (%)	7.9	8.5	-	8.2	9.4		7.4	7.6	
Logi	Revenues	4,654	4,432	221 [5.0]	2,224	2,042	181 [8.9]	2,430	2,389	40 [1.7]
Logistics Support	Operating Income	118	117	0 [0.7]	56	53	2 [5.1]	62	63	(1) [(3.1)]
ort	Income Margin (%)	2.5	2.6		2.5	2.6	-	2.6	2.7	

 In accordance with the organizational reform relating to the Security Transportation business, part of the Japan segment was changed to the Security Transportation segment effective from the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019. Accordingly, in this forecast, figures for the previous year are reclassified to reflect the segment change for the purpose of comparability.

(Changed segments: Japan and Security Transportation)

Copyright © 2018 NIPPON EXPRESS, All rights reserved. Briefing Material for 1Q Results of the Fiscal Year Ending March 2019

12

We Find the Way 個日本通運

Performance Outlook of F	Y2018
--	-------

We Find the Way 個日本通運

Change factors	Impact on consolidated results (Forecast for full year)		Assumptions / Reference		
mpact of change n unit fuel price	1H ¥ 2H ¥ [Initial forecast] ¥ 1H ¥	8) billion (1.69) billion (0.88) billion (1.27) billion (1.08) billion (0.19) billion	Light oil: Gasoline: Heavy oil:	¥103.90/ℓ ¥135.50/ℓ ¥ 52.40/ℓ	[Initial forecast] [¥ 97.10] [¥131.90] [¥ 48.10]
Impact of foreign exchange	Operating income: ¥(0.0 [Initial forecast] Revenues:	5) billion 4) billion ¥(3.34) billion ¥(0.09) billion	USD: EUR: HKD: RMB:	¥109.60 ¥130.30 ¥ 13.90 ¥ 16.80	[Initial forecast] [¥106.90] [¥131.40] [¥ 13.60] [¥ 16.90]

• The upward trend in oil prices is persisting.

• The unit fuel price is expected to exceed the forecast announced at the beginning of the current fiscal year.

• The forecast annual amount of the impact has been changed from 1.2 billion yen at the beginning of the current fiscal year to 2.5 billion yen.

3. Performance Outle	ook of FY2018
----------------------	---------------

We Find the Way 自由本通運

C. External factors and other variable factors (forecast)

Change factors	Impact on consolidated results (Forecast for full year)	Assumptions / Reference			
Impact from impairment loss on goodwill and non- current assets	Operating income (unchanged): ¥3.0 billion	Japan: South Asia & Oceania:	(Full year) ¥2.5 billion ¥0.5 billion		
Decrease in provision for retirement benefits	Operating income: ¥1.16 billion [Initial forecast] Operating income: ¥0.98 billion	Japan: Security Transportation: Heavy Haulage & Construction:	¥0.92 billion ¥0.20 billion ¥0.02 billion	(Initial forecast) ¥0.78 billion ¥0.17 billion ¥0.02 billion	
Other impact (special factors from previous year)	Operating income (unchanged): ¥(1.9) billion (* Reversal of overpaid forwarding costs from previous years)	Japan: The Americas:	¥(0.8) billion (1Q) ¥(1.1) billion (2Q)		



This document is not aimed to solicit or gain investments in any of our securities that are to be issued.

The opinions and forecasts in this document are based on information available at the time of creation of this document. We do not guarantee or commit to the accuracy of this information, and it may be altered without notice.

We do not bear any responsibility for any damages caused by information contained in this document.