

# We Find the Way

Financial Results Presentation for Q2, Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021

November 12, 2021
Nippon Express Co., Ltd.
Investor Relations Promotion Group
Corporate Planning Division



## Contents

I. Financial Results for Q2, Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021 (Pro For	III. Challenges of the Business Plan (Progress)		
Change in Fiscal Year End	P.3	A. Nippon Express Group Business Plan 2023 KPIs of Growth Strategy for Core Businesses	P.31
A. Financial Results for FYE December 2021	P.4-	B. Sales by Business: Q2, FYE December 2021 (Apr-Sep, Cumulative)	2.32
B. Financial Results for July-September, FYE December 2021	P.6	B. Strategy to Enhance Domestic Businesses in Japan	2.33
C. Japan and Overseas Results	P.7	C. Progress in FYE December 2021 Back Office Cost Reductions (as of September 30, 2021)	⊃.34-
D. Results by Reportable Segment	P.8-	C. Pursuing RPA	2.36
D. Reference: Performance by Segment (Apr-Jun 2021 vs. Jul-Sep 2021)	P.11	C. ESG Management	2.37
E. Breakdown of Revenues and Operating Income	P.12-	D. Transition to a Holding Company Structure	2.38
Reference Air Export Freight Forwarding Business Gross Profit and		E. Inorganic Growth Strategy	2.38
Gross Profit Margin by Quarter		F. Exercising ESG-Oriented Business Management to Realize Sustainable Development	P.38
II. Financial Results Forecast for Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021 (Pro	o Forma)	IV. Return to Shareholders	
A. Forecast for the FYE December 2021	P.16-	A. Capital Policies B. Key Indicators	P.39
B. Japan and Overseas Results Forecast	P.18		
C. Forecasts by Reportable Segment	P.19		
D. Breakdown of Revenues and Operating Income	P.20-		
E. Segment Overview, Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021	P.22-		



I. Financial Results for Q2, Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021 (Pro Forma)



# I. Fiscal Year Ending December 2021 (Pro Forma)

### Change in Fiscal Year End

As a result of the change in fiscal year-end, we will disclose our consolidated statements of income on a financial reporting basis (summary) and on a supplementary converted 12-month basis (\*estimated).

\*Forecasts 2021 have been calculated using simplified methods, including historical elimination ratios. Figures are unaudited and for reference only.

#### Converted 12-Month Basis

Domestic Business: FYE December 2020 Jan-Dec (12 months), FYE December 2021 Jan-Dec (12 months), FYE December 2022 Jan-Dec (12 months) Overseas Business: FYE December 2020 Jan-Dec (12 months), FYE December 2021 Jan-Dec (12 months)

		20	20		2021			2022				
	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec
Domestic Business		FY2	020		FYE December 2021			FY2022				
Overseas Business												

## ■ Financial Results for FYE December 2021 (Jan- Sep)

\*The following represent pro forma results for the period in question.

Domestic Business: FYE December 2020 Jan-Sep (9 months), FYE December 2021 Jan-Sep (9 months) Overseas Business: FYE December 2020 Jan-Sep (9 months), FYE December 2021 Jan-Sep (9 months)



## A Financial Results for January-September, FYE December 2021

## **Overview (Consolidated)**

Item	Current-Year Results (Jan-Sep 2021)	Prior-Year Results (Jan-Sep 2020)	Difference YoY	Difference YoY (%)
Revenues	16,781	14,797	1,984	13.4
Operating income	646	372	274	73.7
Operating income margin	3.9	2.5	_	_
Ordinary income	680	330	349	105.8
Profit attributable to owners of parent	427	241	185	77.0
Overseas sales	4,583	3,054	1,529	50.1

<sup>\*</sup>We posted ¥6.8 billion in overseas segment net income representing Jan-Mar 2021 results to retained earnings in connection with the change in fiscal year end.



## A Financial Results for April-September, FYE December 2021

## **Overview (Consolidated)**

Item	Current-Year Results (Apr-Sep 2021)	Prior-Year Results (Apr-Sep 2020)	Difference YoY	Difference YoY (%)	Apr-Sep 2021 (Previous Announcement)	Difference [%]
Revenues	11,042	9,725	1,317	13.5	10,900	142 [1.3]
Operating income	363	224	138	61.8	360	3 [0.8]
Operating income margin	3.3	2.3	_	_	3.3	_ [ <del>_</del> ]
Ordinary income	406	255	150	59.0	380	26 [7.0]
Profit attributable to owners of parent	306	224	81	36.2	250	56 [22.5]
Overseas sales	3,165	2,089	1,076	51.5	2,896	269 [9.3]



## B Financial Results for July-September, FYE December 2021

## **Overview (Consolidated)**

Item	Current-Year Results (Jul-Sep 2021)	Prior-Year Results (Jul-Sep 2020)	Difference YoY	Difference YoY (%)
Revenues	5,591	4,965	626	12.6
Operating income	161	154	7	4.8
Operating income margin	2.9	3.1	_	_
Ordinary income	171	169	2	1.2
Profit attributable to owners of parent	154	125	29	23.3
Overseas sales	1,686	1,073	613	57.1



## C Japan and Overseas Results (not including adjustments)

(100 million yen) (rounded down to 100 million yen)

Segment	Item	Current-Year Results (Jan-Sep 2021)	Prior-Year Results (Jan-Sep 2020)	Difference YoY	Difference YoY (%)
Janan Total	Revenues	13,548	12,749	798	6.3
Japan Total	Segment income	502	369	133	36.1
Overseas Total	Revenues	4,583	3,054	1,529	50.1
Croiscas iotal	Segment income	245	118	126	106.1

Overseas sales ratio

27.3%



## D Results by Reportable Segment (Jan-Sep)

Segment	ltem	Current-Year Results (Jan-Sep 2021)	Prior-Year Results (Jan-Sep 2020)	Difference YoY	Difference YoY (%)
lanan	Revenues	9,805	8,561	1,244	14.5
Japan	Segment Income	372	242	129	53.4
The Americas	Revenues	783	560	222	39.8
The Americas	Segment Income	46	(0)	47	_
Europe	Revenues	1,118	822	296	36.0
Europe	Segment Income	44	14	30	201.7
East Asia	Revenues	1,471	884	586	66.3
East Asia	Segment Income	56	45	11	24.9
South Asia &	Revenues	1,209	786	423	53.8
Oceania	Segment Income	96	59	37	62.4
Security	Revenues	516	522	(5)	(1.1)
Transportation	Segment Income	(1)	(4)	3	_
Heavy Haulage &	Revenues	333	359	(26)	(7.2)
Construction	Segment Income	40	39	1	2.7
Logistics	Revenues	2,891	3,306	(414)	(12.5)
Support	Segment Income	92	92	(0)	(0.4)



## D Results by Reportable Segment (Apr-Sep)

Segment	ltem	Current-Year Results (Apr-Sep 2021)	Prior-Year Results (Apr-Sep 2020)	Difference YoY	Difference YoY (%)	Apr-Sep 2021 Forecast (Previous Announcement)	Difference
lonon	Revenues	6,506	5,610	895	16.0	6,411	95
Japan	Segment Income	205	138	67	48.6	221	(15)
The Americae	Revenues	552	354	197	55.7	557	(4)
The Americas	Segment Income	34	(0)	35	_	32	2
Europo	Revenues	793	547	245	44.8	696	97
Europe	Segment Income	32	12	19	160.6	28	4
Foot Asia	Revenues	1,004	618	385	62.3	895	109
East Asia	Segment Income	22	39	(17)	(42.6)	30	(7)
South Asia &	Revenues	815	567	247	43.6	748	67
Oceania	Segment Income	59	52	7	14.3	56	3
Security	Revenues	342	343	(0)	(0.2)	343	(0)
Transportation	Segment Income	1	(9)	10	_	6	(4)
Heavy	Revenues	238	250	(12)	(4.9)	254	(15)
Haulage & Construction	Segment Income	30	28	2	9.1	28	2
Logistics	Revenues	1,628	2,076	(447)	(21.6)	1,650	(21)
Support	Segment Income	40	53	(13)	(25.2)	36	4



## D Results by Reportable Segment (Jul-Sep)

Segment	ltem	Current-Year Results (Jul-Sep 2021)	Prior-Year Results (Jul-Sep 2020)	Difference YoY	Difference YoY (%)
lanan	Revenues	3,240	2,877	362	12.6
Japan	Segment Income	89	114	(24)	(21.7)
The Americas	Revenues	285	187	98	52.3
The Americas	Segment Income	14	(0)	15	_
Europo	Revenues	425	300	125	41.7
Europe	Segment Income	15	10	5	50.1
East Asia	Revenues	544	291	253	86.7
East Asia	Segment Income	5	16	(11)	(67.5)
South Asia &	Revenues	431	294	136	46.4
Oceania	Segment Income	30	27	2	9.7
Security	Revenues	171	173	(2)	(1.4)
Transportation	Segment Income	0	(0)	1	_
Heavy Haulage &	Revenues	114	119	(4)	(3.7)
Construction	Segment Income	14	12	1	15.2
Logistics	Revenues	830	1,058	(227)	(21.5)
Support	Segment Income	22	26	(3)	(13.4)



# I. FYE December 2021 Q2 (Pro Forma) \*Reference (Quarterly Results)

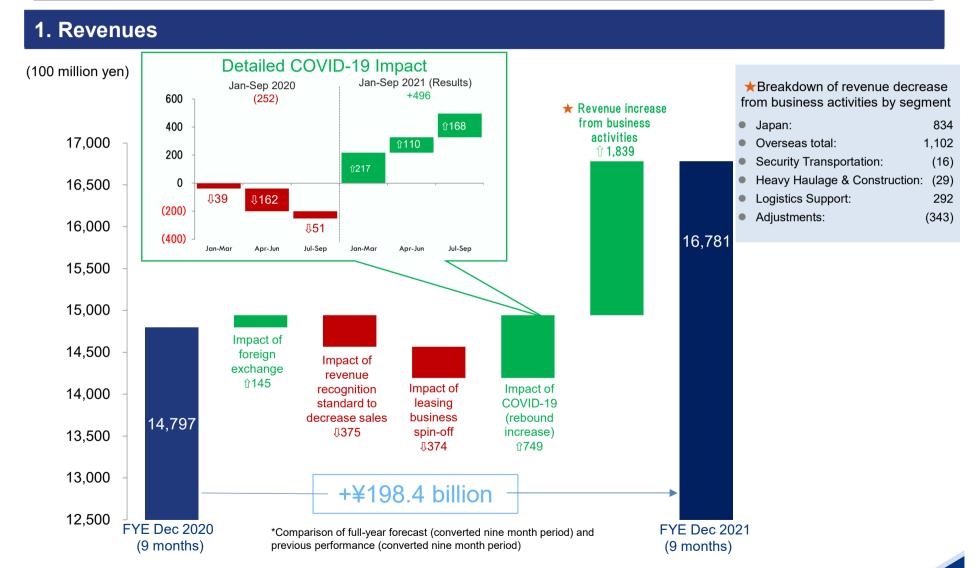
D Reference: Performance by Segment (Apr-Jun 2021 vs. Jul-Sep 2021)

Segment	ltem	Current-Year Results (Jul-Sep 2021)	Current-Year Results (Apr-Jun 2021)	Difference YoY	Difference YoY %
lanan	Revenues	3,240	3,266	(26)	(8.0)
Japan	Segment Income	89	115	(25)	(22.4)
The Americas	Revenues	285	267	17	6.7
The Americas	Segment Income	14	19	(4)	(23.1)
Europo	Revenues	425	367	57	15.7
Europe	Segment Income	15	17	(1)	(11.2)
East Asia	Revenues	544	459	84	18.5
EdSt ASid	Segment Income	5	17	(12)	(68.7)
South Asia &	Revenues	431	383	47	12.3
Oceania	Segment Income	30	29	0	2.5
Security	Revenues	171	171	0	0.2
Transportation	Segment Income	0	0	(0)	(25.4)
Heavy Haulage &	Revenues	114	123	(8)	(7.2)
Construction	Segment Income	14	16	(1)	(9.4)
Logistics	Revenues	830	797	33	4.2
Support	Segment Income	22	17	4	28.2



E Breakdown of Revenues and Operating Income

\*Domestic and overseas total for January through September compared to the same period in the previous year

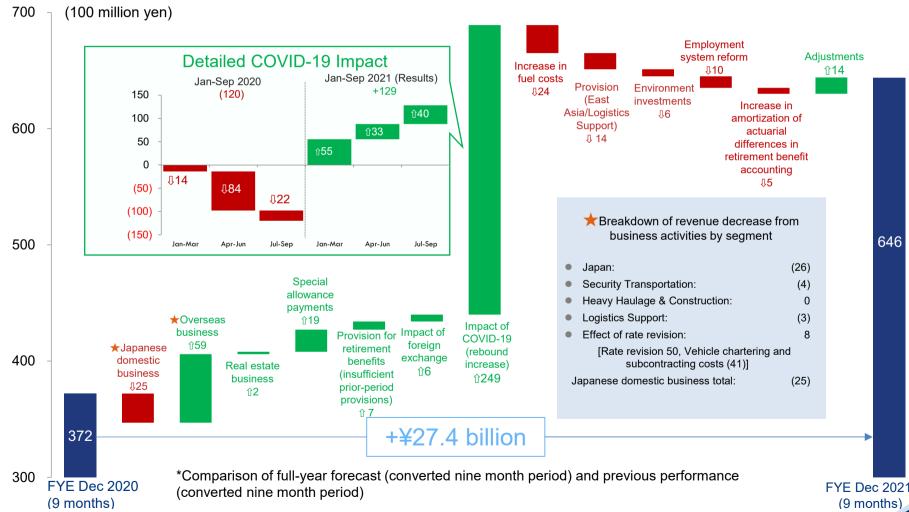




E Breakdown of Revenues and Operating Income

\*Domestic and overseas total for January through September compared to the same period in the previous year

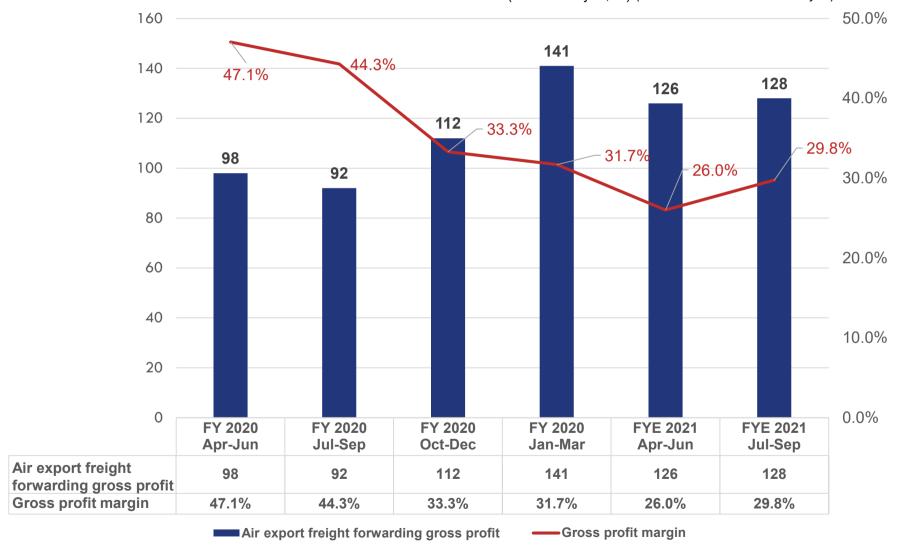
### 2. Operating income





# Reference Air Export Freight Forwarding Business Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin by Quarter

\*Air export freight forwarding gross profit: Net sales minus air usage fees
Gross profit margin: Ratio of gross profit from air export freight forwarding to net sales from air export freight forwarding
(100 million ven. %) (rounded down to 100 million ven)





II. Financial Results Forecast for Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021 (Pro Forma)

## II. Financial Results Forecast for Fiscal Year Ending \_\_December 31, 2021 (Pro Forma)



A Forecast for the FYE December 2021 (Jan-Dec 2021)

ltem	Revised Forecast (Announced November 12)	FYE Dec 2020 Results	Difference YoY	Difference YoY (%)	Previous Forecast (Announced August 13)	Difference [Difference %]
Revenues	22,538	20,522	2,016	9.8	22,238	300 [1.3]
Operating income	853	729	123	17.0	843	10 [1.2]
Operating income margin	3.8	3.6	_	_	3.8	_
Ordinary income	863	692	171	24.8	853	10 [1.2]
Profit attributable to owners of parent	571	503	67	13.4	511	60 [11.7]
Overseas sales	6,229	4,537	1,692	37.3	5,672	557

Item	FYE Dec 2021 Jan-Jun Results	FYE Dec 2021 Jul-Dec Forecast
Revenues	11,189	11,349
Operating income (Operating income margin)	484 [4.3]	368 [3.2]

<sup>\*</sup>Comparison of full-year forecast (converted 12-month period) and previous performance (converted 12-month period)

<sup>\*</sup>Segment income for Jan-Mar 2021 includes ¥6.8 billion in retained earnings in connection with change in fiscal year end.



# II. Financial Results Forecast for Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021 (Pro Forma)

## A Forecast for the FYE December 2021 (Apr-Dec 2021)

ltem	Revised Forecast Apr-Dec 2021 (Announced November 12)	2020 Apr-Dec Results	Difference YoY	Difference YoY (%)	Previous Forecast (Announced August 13)	Difference
Revenues	16,800	15,450	1,349	8.7	16,500	300
Operating income	570	581	(11)	(2.0)	560	10
Operating income margin	3.4	3.8	_	_	3.4	_
Ordinary income	590	617	(27)	(4.5)	580	10
Profit attributable to owners of parent	450	486	(36)	(7.5)	390	60
Overseas sales	4,812	3,572	1,239	34.7	4,255	557

# II. Financial Results Forecast for Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021 (Pro Forma)



B Japan and Overseas Results Forecast (not including adjustments)

(100 million yen) (rounded down to 100 million yen)

Segment	Item	Current-Year Results (Jan-Dec 2021)	Prior-Year Results (Jan-Dec 2020)	Difference YoY	Difference YoY (%)
Japan Total	Revenues	18,021	17,393	627	3.6
заран тотаг	Segment Income	678	632	45	7.2
Overseas Total	Revenues	6,229	4,537	1,692	37.3
CTOTOGGO TOTAL	Segment Income	319	222	97	43.9

Overseas sales ratio

27.6%

# ng

# II. Financial Results Forecast for Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021 (Pro Forma)

C Forecasts by Reportable Segment

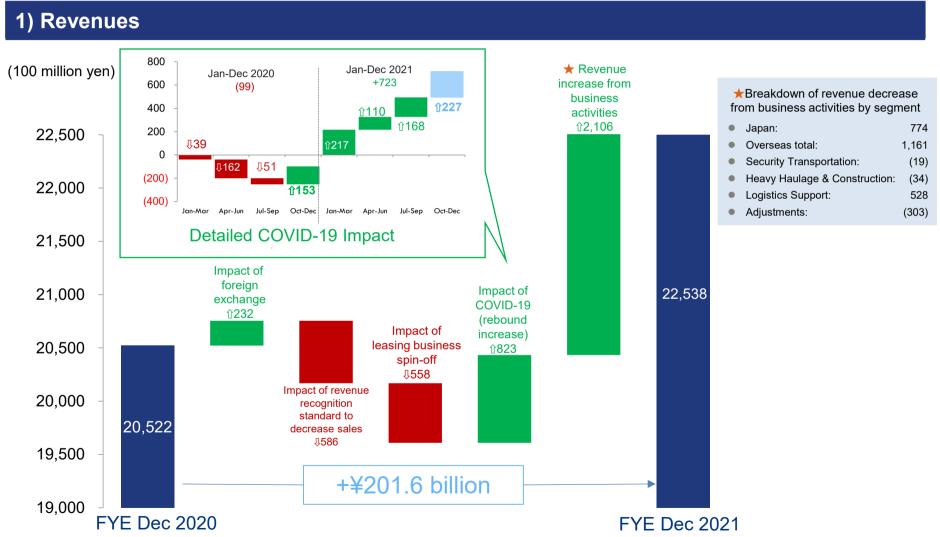
			2H F	orecast (Jul	-Dec)		Full-Year	Forecast (	lan- Dec)	
Segment	Item	1H Results (Jan-Jun)	FYE Dec 2021 Revised Forecast	FYE Dec 2020 Prior-Year Results	Difference	FYE Dec 2021 Revised Forecast	FYE Dec 2020 Prior-Year Results	Difference	FYE Dec 2021 Previous Forecast	Difference
lanan	Revenues	6,565	6,453	6,095	358	13,019	11,779	1,240	13,003	16
Japan	Segment Income	282	231	329	(98)	513	457	56	542	(29)
The Americas	Revenues	497	598	408	190	1,096	781	315	1,073	23
The Americas	Segment Income	32	35	5	30	67	4	62	54	13
F	Revenues	693	766	649	117	1,459	1,171	288	1,370	89
Europe	Segment Income	29	26	29	(2)	56	34	22	56	0
	Revenues	926	1,122	843	278	2,048	1,436	611	1,769	279
East Asia	Segment Income	50	21	56	(34)	72	84	(12)	76	(4)
South Asia &	Revenues	778	846	655	190	1,624	1,147	477	1,458	166
Oceania	Segment Income	66	56	66	(10)	122	98	24	110	12
Security	Revenues	345	343	348	(4)	689	697	(7)	689	0
Transportation	Segment Income	(2)	3	2	0	0	(1)	2	4	(4)
Heavy Haulage	Revenues	219	226	231	(5)	445	472	(27)	465	(20)
& Construction	Segment Income	25	26	26	(0)	52	53	(0)	52	0
Logistics	Revenues	2,060	1,806	2,197	(390)	3,867	4,444	(577)	3,825	42
Support	Segment Income	69	41	56	(15)	110	123	(12)	110	0

# II. Financial Results Forecast for Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021 (Pro Forma)



D Breakdown of Revenues and Operating Income

\*Domestic and overseas total for January through December compared to the same period in the previous year



\*Comparison of full-year forecast (converted 12-month period) and previous performance (converted 12-month period)

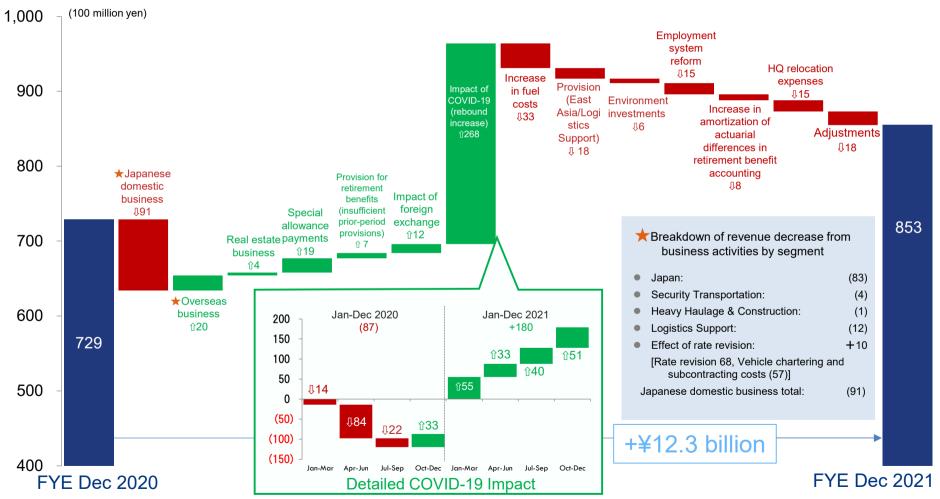
# II. Financial Results Forecast for Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021 (Pro Forma)



D Breakdown of Revenues and Operating Income

\*Domestic and overseas total for January through December compared to the same period in the previous year

### 2) Operating income



\*Comparison of full-year forecast (converted 12-month period) and previous performance (converted 12-month period)



### 1. Japan Segment

(100 million ven)

		FYE Dec	Vs	. FYE Dec 20	20
1	Item	Item 2021 Jul-Sep Results		Difference	Difference (%)
	Revenues	3,240	2,877	362	12.6
	Operating income	89	114	(24)	(21.7)
Results	Operating income margin	2.8	4.0	_	-

#### July-September Highlights

Cargo movement in the railway utilization and motor transportation businesses remained sluggish due to the impact of prolonged state of emergency declarations. The railway utilization business recorded revenues that were significantly lower due to the impact of torrential rains in August and a decrease in production in the automotive industry in September. The motor transportation business saw lower-than-usual yields in agricultural products and weaknesses in beverages. On the other hand, cargo demand exceeded the pace of the previous year in the air export freight forwarding business, mainly for automobile-related, electrical and electronics-related, and semiconductor-related products. The supply-demand balance for both air and ocean export freight forwarding was tight, with continued high freight rates, resulting in substantial revenue and profit growth. However, profit decreased due to slow recovery in our domestic business and the impact of soaring fuel costs.

			Re	esults and F	orecast for F	YE Dec 202	21	
	Item	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H Forecast	Full-Year Forecast
	Revenues	3,299	3,266	6,565	3,240	3,213	6,453	13,019
	Operating income	166	115	282	89	141	231	513
	Operating income margin	5.1	3.5	4.3	2.8	4.4	3.6	3.9
(2)	Item	FYE Dec 2020 Results		011	->.			
		Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY
Quarterly	Revenues	2,950	2,733	5,683	2,877	3,217	6,095	11,779
Results	Operating income	104	23	128	114	214	329	457
and Forecast	Operating income margin	3.5	0.9	2.3	4.0	6.7	5.4	3.9
Fulecasi	Item			E Dec 2020			wer: Differe	
	Itom	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY
	Revenues	348	532	881	362	(4)	358	1,240
	revenues	11.8	19.5	15.5	12.6	(0.1)	5.9	10.5
	Operating income	62	92	154	(24)	(73)	(98)	56
	Operating income	59.7	390.0	120.5	(21.7)	(34.1)	(29.8)	12.3
				in an aial Dae				

#### **Special Factor**

- Impact of fuel unit cost: [operating income] (20) [9 months], (28) [year]
- Cost increase associated with employee system reform:

[operating income] (9) [9 months], (14) [year]

Impact of COVID-19:

[revenues] +421 [9 months], +466 [year]

[operating income] +165 [9 months], +176 [year]

· Provision for retirement benefits:

[operating income] +7 [Apr-Jun, year]

Impact of special allowance payments:

[operating income] +15 [Apr-Jun, year]

· Environment investments:

[operating income] (6) [9 months], (6) [year]

· Real estate business:

[operating income] +2 [9 months], +4 [year]

HQ relocation expenses:

[operating income] (15) [year]

· Impact of revenue recognition standard:

[revenues] (11) [9 months], (0) [year]

· Impact due to actuarial differences in retirement benefits:

[operating income] (4) [9 months], (6) [year]

		Full-Yea	r Financial Results	Forecast
3	Item	Revised Forecast	Previous Forecast	Difference
Forecast	Revenues	13,019	13,003	16
Change	o	513	542	(29)
	Operating income	3.9	4.2	_

#### Forecast for October-December 2021

High unit freight rates are expected to continue, and it is likely to take some time for ocean cargo transportation business to normalize. The air export freight forwarding business should continue to enjoy strong demand throughout the Christmas shopping season. We expect our domestic business, including railway and automobiles, to remain sluggish, falling below levels of the previous year, even after the domestic business is lifted. We forecast revenues to be on par with the previous year, while we project operating income to decrease due to the impact of soaring fuel prices and a negative rebound in response to spot business performance in the previous year.



2. The Americas Segment

(100 million yen)



	FYE Dec	Vs	. FYE Dec 20	20
Item	2021 Jul-Sep Results	FYE Dec 2020	Difference	Difference (%)
Revenues	285	187	98	52.3
Operating income	14	(0)	15	_
Operating income margin	5.2	(0.1)	_	_

#### **July-September Highlights**

The air transportation business saw growth in both imports and exports of automobile-related volume. The ocean cargo transportation business also saw an increase in volume. Revenues increased due to an increase in demand for forwarding to various locations in the US stemming from port congestion on the US West Coast. Warehousing and distribution processing saw increased volume for the garment-related business, launched in the previous quarter, as well as a contribution of volume from MDL, which we acquired in the previous year. While strong in the previous quarter, perishable food volume slowed. However, revenues increased and profit rose.

2
Quarterly Results
and Forecast

Qua

	Results and Forecast for FYE Dec 2021						
Item	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H Forecast	Full-Year Forecast
Revenues	230	267	497	285	313	598	1,096
Operating income	12	19	32	14	20	35	67
Operating income margin	5.4	7.3	6.4	5.2	6.6	5.9	6.2
Item				Dec 2020 R			
	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY
Revenues	205	167	373	187	221	408	781
Operating income	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	5	5	4
Operating income margin	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.1)	2.5	1.3	0.6
Item						er: Difference	
	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY
Revenues	25	99	124	98	92	190	315
revenues	12.2	59.5	33.4	52.3	41.8	46.7	40.3
Operating income	12	19	32	15	15	30	62
operating income	_	_	_	_	273.3	566.8	_

#### **Special Factor**

· Impact of foreign exchange (weaker yen):

[revenues] +4 [9 months], +18 [year] [operating income] +0 [9 months], +0 [year]

• Impact of COVID-19:

[revenues] +48 [9 months], +62 [year]

[operating income] +19 [9 months], +24 [year]

Special allowance payments:

[operating income] +0 [Apr-Jun, year]

		Full-Year	Financial Results	Forecast
3	Item	Revised Forecast	Previous Forecast	Difference
Forecast	Revenues	1,096	1,073	23
Change		67	54	13
	Operating income	6.2	5.1	_

#### Forecast for October-December 2021

We expect volume to increase during the Christmas shopping season. Unit freight rates for air and ocean export freight forwarding should remain at high levels, while we expect revenues and profits to increase year on year due to the impact of higher sales from apparel-related warehousing and distribution business, which began in the second quarter.



## 3. Europe Segment

(100 million yen)

# Quarterly Results

	•			
	FYE Dec	Vs. FYE Dec 2020		20
Item	2021 Jul-Sep Results	FYE Dec 2020	Difference	Difference (%)
Revenues	425	300	125	41.7
Operating income	15	10	5	50.1
Operating income margin	3.5	3.4	_	_

#### **July-September Highlights**

The air forwarding business saw firm exports for automobile-related and electronic components. Volume for fashion-related products from Italy to the U.S. continued from the previous quarter, resulting in a significant increase in revenue compared with the previous year. Operating income increased, due in part to the impact of cost reduction measures implemented and ongoing since last year.

2
Quarterly
Results
and
Forecast

Item	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H Forecast	Full-Year Forecast
Revenues	325	367	693	425	340	766	1,459
Operating income	12	17	29	15	11	26	56
Operating income margin	4.0	4.6	4.3	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.9
Item				Dec 2020 F	Results		
ILEIII	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY
Revenues	274	247	522	300	348	649	1,171
Operating income	2	2	4	10	19	29	34
Operating income margin	0.9	0.9	0.9	3.4	5.5	4.5	2.9
Item	Compari	son with FY	E Dec 2020	(Upper: Dif	ference / Lo	wer: Differe	nce (%))
item	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY
Revenues	50	119	170	125	(8)	117	288
	18.6	48.4	32.7	41.7	(2.3)	18.0	24.6
Operating income	10	14	25	5	(7)	(2)	22
Operating income	397.0	652.7	516.1	50.1	(37.8)	(7.5)	67.0

Results and Forecast for FYE Dec 2021

_		Fastan.
- 5	neciai	Factor

· Impact of foreign exchange (weaker yen):

[revenues] +58 [9 months], +75 [year] [operating income] +1 [9 months], +2 [year]

· Impact of COVID-19:

[revenues] +131 [9 months], +150 [year] [operating income] +41 [9 months], +46 [year]

Special allowance payments:

[operating income] +0 [Apr-Jun, year]

		Full-Year Financial Results Forecast					
3	Item	Revised Forecast	Previous Forecast	Difference			
Forecast	Revenues	1,459	1,370	89			
Change	Out and the section of	56	56	0			
	Operating income	3.9	4.1	_			

#### **Forecast for October-December 2021**

We expect air forwarding revenue to be level with the same period in the previous year owing to steady volume in automobile- and fashion-related cargo. We project operating income to decrease due to the impact of a negative rebound in response to spot import performance last year.



2H

**Forecast** 

1,122

Oct-Dec

577

4. East Asia Segment

Item

Revenues

(100 million yen)



	FYE Dec	Vs	Vs. FYE Dec 2020				
Item	2021 Jul-Sep Results	FYE Dec 2020	Difference	Difference (%)			
Revenues	544	291	253	86.7			
Operating income	5	16	(11)	(67.5)			
Operating income	1.0	5.8	_	_			

Apr-Jun

459

Jan-Mar

466

#### **July-September Highlights**

Air forwarding experienced firm cargo movement for automobile-, medical-, and electronics component-related goods. Ocean forwarding saw rising freight rates due to the shortage of containers, resulting in a significant year-on-year increase in revenues for both air and ocean forwarding. Operating income decreased due to higher expenses stemming from by soaring usage fees and allowance for doubtful accounts related to the handling of ocean cargo in China.

2
Quarterly
Results
and
Forecast

Operating income	33	17	50	5	16	21	72
Operating income margin	7.1	3.8	5.5	1.0	2.8	1.9	3.5
Itam			FYE	Dec 2020 R	esults		
Item	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY
Revenues	265	327	592	291	552	843	1,436
Operating income	5	23	28	16	39	56	84
Operating income	1.9	7.1	4.8	5.8	7.1	6.7	5.9
margin	1.0	7.1	4.0	3.0	7.1	0.7	0.5
,				(Upper: Dif			
margin Item							
Item	Compari	son with FY	E Dec 2020	(Upper: Dif	ference / Lo	wer: Differe	nce (%))
0	Compari Jan-Mar	son with FY Apr-Jun	E Dec 2020 1H	(Upper: Dif Jul-Sep	ference / Lov Oct-Dec	wer: Differer 2H	nce (%)) FY
Item	Compari Jan-Mar 200	son with FY Apr-Jun 132	E Dec 2020 1H 333	(Upper: Dif Jul-Sep 253	ference / Lov Oct-Dec 25	wer: Differe 2H 278	nce (%)) FY 611

1H

926

Results and Forecast for FYE Dec 2021

Jul-Sep

544

#### **Special Factor**

· Impact of foreign exchange (weaker yen):

[revenues] +59 [9 months], +103 [year] [operating income] +3 [9 months], +6 [year]

Impact of COVID-19:

[revenues] +18 [9 months], +32 [year]

[operating income] (8) [9 months], (7) [year]

Special allowance payments:

[operating income] +0 [Apr-Jun, year]

Allowance for doubtful accounts:

[operating income] (12) [9 months], (12) [year]

3
Forecast
Change

	Full-Year Financial Results Forecast					
Item	Revised Previous Forecast Forecast		Difference			
Revenues	2,048	1,769	279			
O	72	76	(4)			
Operating income	3.5	4.3	_			

#### **Forecast for October-December 2021**

We forecast higher revenues and lower profits. Although volume in the ocean forwarding business should be strong, we expect to see the impact of a negative rebound related to air export freight forwarding from the previous year's Christmas shopping season. At the same time, cost reduction measures implemented last year will have run their course.

Full-Year

Forecast

2,048



## 5. South Asia & Oceania Segment

(100 million yen)

			_	
	FYE Dec	20		
Item	2021 Jul-Sep Results	FYE Dec 2020	I)ifference I	Difference (%)
Revenues	431	294	136	46.4
Operating income	30	27	2	9.7
Operating income	7.0	9.4	_	_

#### **July-September Highlights**

Both air and ocean forwarding remained firm, and revenues increased substantially year on year. In Malaysia and the Philippines, unit purchase prices in the air export freight forwarding business rose. The supply chain in Vietnam experienced disruptions due to the lockdown in Ho Chi Minh City, and we continued to see emergency air cargo transportation for automobile-related volume. Revenues increased and operating income rose.

2
Quarterly
Results
and
Forecast

nom	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	Forecast	Forecast
Revenues	394	383	778	431	414	846	1,624
Operating income	36	29	66	30	26	56	122
Operating income margin	9.4	7.7	8.5	7.0	6.3	6.7	7.6
Item				Dec 2020 R			
itom	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY
Revenues	218	273	492	294	360	655	1,147
Operating income	7	24	31	27	39	66	98
Operating income margin	3.3	9.1	6.5	9.4	10.8	10.2	8.6
Item		son with FY					
Itom	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY
Revenues	175	110	286	136	53	190	477
Neveriues	80.4	40.5	58.2	46.4	15.0	29.1	41.6
Operating income	29	4	34	2	(13)	(10)	24
Operating income	412.0	19.6	108.1	9.7	(33.5)	(15.6)	24.4
	Е.	ıll Voor Eine	and at Descrip	. Голософ			

Results and Forecast for FYE Dec 2021

#### Special Factor

· Impact of foreign exchange (weaker yen):

[revenues] +23 [9 months], +34 [year]

[operating income] +1 [9 months], +2 [year]

· Impact of COVID-19:

[revenues] +82 [9 months], +52 [year]

[operating income] +19 [9 months], +14 [year]

Special allowance payments:

[operating income] +0 [Apr-Jun, year]

		Full-Year Financial Results Forecast					
3	Item	Revised Forecast	Previous Forecast	Difference			
Forecast	Revenues	1,624	1,458	166			
Change	O	122	110	12			
	Operating income	7.6	7.6	_			

#### Forecast for October-December 2021

In the run-up to the Christmas shopping season, both air and ocean export freight forwarding demand should be strong. However, we expect sales unit prices to remain in a downward trend at the same time that purchase unit prices in the air export freight forwarding business rise. Accordingly, we project increases in revenues and profits.



2H

343

Oct-Dec

172

Full-Year

Forecast

689

### 6. Security Transportation Segment

Jan-Mar

174

(3)

(100 million yen)

1
Quarterly
Results

Item

Operating income

Revenues

	FYE Dec	Vs. FYE Dec 2020					
Item	2021 Jul-Sep Results	FYE Dec 2020	Difference	Difference (%)			
Revenues	171	173	(2)	(1.4)			
Operating income	0	(0)	1	_			
Operating income margin	0.3	(0.6)	_	_			

Apr-Jun

171

#### **July-September Highlights**

Our cash collection business, which was affected significantly by the spread of COVID-19 last year, recovered for another consecutive quarter. Despite the acquisition of new business center operations and revised fees, revenues were slightly lower due to the significant impact of fewer scheduled flights among certain customers. Operating income increased due to impairment losses recorded in the previous fiscal year.

2
Quarterly
Results
and
Forecast

(1.7) Jan-Mar 179	0.4 Apr-Jun		0.3 Dec 2020 R	1.6	1.0	0.1					
	Apr-Jun		Dec 2020 R	14 .							
	Apr-Jun		FYE Dec 2020 Results								
179		1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY					
170	169	348	173	174	348	697					
4	(8)	(3)	(0)	3	2	(1)					
2.5	(4.9)	(1.1)	(0.6)	1.9	0.7	(0.2)					
Comparison with FYE Dec 2020 (Upper: Difference / Lower: Difference (%))											
Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY					
(5)	1	(3)	(2)	(2)	(4)	(7)					
(2.8)	1.1	(0.9)	(1.4)	(1.3)	(1.4)	(1.1)					
(7)	9	1	1	(0)	0	2					
(169.0)	_	_	_	(16.2)	43.8	_					
J	2.5 Comparison (5) (2.8) (7)	2.5 (4.9)  Comparison with FYE an-Mar Apr-Jun (5) 1 (2.8) 1.1 (7) 9	2.5 (4.9) (1.1)  Comparison with FYE Dec 2020 an-Mar Apr-Jun 1H  (5) 1 (3) (2.8) 1.1 (0.9)  (7) 9 1	2.5 (4.9) (1.1) (0.6)  Comparison with FYE Dec 2020 (Upper: Diff an-Mar Apr-Jun 1H Jul-Sep (5) 1 (3) (2) (2.8) 1.1 (0.9) (1.4) (7) 9 1 1	2.5 (4.9) (1.1) (0.6) 1.9  Comparison with FYE Dec 2020 (Upper: Difference / Lovan-Mar Apr-Jun 1H Jul-Sep Oct-Dec (5) 1 (3) (2) (2) (2.8) 1.1 (0.9) (1.4) (1.3) (7) 9 1 1 (0)	2.5 (4.9) (1.1) (0.6) 1.9 0.7  Comparison with FYE Dec 2020 (Upper: Difference / Lower: Difference an-Mar Apr-Jun 1H Jul-Sep Oct-Dec 2H  (5) 1 (3) (2) (2) (4)  (2.8) 1.1 (0.9) (1.4) (1.3) (1.4)  (7) 9 1 1 (0) 0					

345

(2)

Results and Forecast for FYE Dec 2021

Jul-Sep

171

Speci	al E	actor	

- · Impact of fuel unit cost:
  - [operating income] (3) [9 months], (4) [year]
- Cost increase associated with employee system reform:
  - [operating income] (0) [9 months], (0) [year]
- Impact of COVID-19:

[revenues] +10 [9 months], +11 [year] [operating income] +6 [9 months], +7 [year]

- [operating income] +6 [9 months]
- · Impact of special allowance payments:

[operating income] +2 [Apr-Jun, year]

- Impact due to actuarial differences in retirement benefits:
  - [operating income] (1) [9 months], (1) [year]

3
Forecast
Change

	Full-Year Financial Results Forecast						
Item	Revised Forecast	Previous Forecast	Difference				
Revenues	689	689	0				
Operating income	0 0 1	4 0.7	(4)				

#### **Forecast for October-December 2021**

Despite the acquisition of new business and fee revisions for various services, we expect revenues to decrease slightly due to a negative rebound from the CSD replacement work performed last year. We also project operating income to remain flat year on year.



## 7. Heavy Haulage & Construction Segment

(100 million yen)

1
Quarterly
Results

	FYE Dec	Vs. FYE Dec 2020				
Item	2021 Jul-Sep Results	FYE Dec 2020	Difference	Difference (%)		
Revenues	114	119	(4)	(3.7)		
Operating income	14	12	1	15.2		
Operating income margin	12.7	10.7	_	_		

#### **July-September Highlights**

Although wind power-related performed well, we saw a decrease in volume for plant maintenance and plant construction due to a negative rebound in connection with large-scale projects last year. As a result, we recorded lower revenues and profits. Operating income rose due to the acquisition of follow-on construction work.

2
Quarterly
Results
and
<b>Forecast</b>

	Results and Forecast for FYE Dec 2021						
Item	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H Forecast	Full-Year Forecast
Revenues	95	123	219	114	111	226	445
Operating income	9	16	25	14	12	26	52
Operating income margin	10.2	13.1	11.8	12.7	11.0	11.9	11.8
Item				Dec 2020 R			
I.OIII	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY
Revenues	109	131	240	119	112	231	472
Operating income	11	15	26	12	14	26	53
Operating income margin	10.3	11.8	11.1	10.7	12.6	11.6	11.4
Item		son with FYE					
	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY
Revenues	(13)	(7)	(21)	(4)	(1)	(5)	(27)
. 101011400	(12.7)	(6.0)	(9.0)	(3.7)	(1.0)	(2.4)	(5.8)
Operating in a	(1)	0	(0)	1	(2)	(0)	(0)
Operating income	(13.4)	4.1	(3.3)	15.2	(14.0)	(0.3)	(1.8)
		ull Voor Fina	raiol D				

C			-4
-50	ecia	II Fa	ctor

Impact of fuel unit cost:

[operating income] (0) [9 months], (0) [year]

 Cost increase associated with the employee system reform: [operating income] (0) [9 months], (0) [year]

Impact of COVID-19:

[revenues] +3 [9 months], +7 [year]

[operating income] +0 [9 months], +1 [year]

Impact of special allowance payments:

[operating income] +0 [Apr-Jun, year]

· Impact due to actuarial differences in retirement benefits:

[operating income] (0) [9 months], (0) [year]

3	Item
Forecast	Revenues
Change	Operating inc

	Full-Year Financial Results Forecast						
Item	Revised Forecast						
Revenues	445	465	(20)				
Operating income	52	52	0				
	11.8	11.3	_				

#### Forecast for October-December 2021

While we forecast firm volume for wind power-related business, plant maintenance and substation work are likely to be weak. Therefore, we project revenues and operating income to be level year on year.



# II. -E Segment Overview, Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021 8. Logistics Support Segment \_\_\_\_\_

100 r	nillion	yen)
		,

1
Quarterly
Results

<u> </u>		_					
	FYE Dec	Vs. FYE Dec 2020					
Item	2021 Jul-Sep Results	FYE Dec 2020	Difference	Difference (%)			
Revenues	830	1,058	(227)	(21.5)			
Operating income	22	26	(3)	(13.4)			
Operating income margin	2.7	2.5	_	_			

#### July-September Highlights

Revenues declined due to the spin-off of our leasing business and a change in revenue recognition standards. LS business volume continued to increase following the first quarter in a positive rebound from performance in the previous year. Unit selling price increases in our petroleum gas sales business also combined for higher revenues year on year. Operating income decreased due to the impact of the spin-off of the leasing business and the posting of a provision against expected losses in our trading (trade brokering) business.

2
Quarterly
Results
and
Forecast

Item	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H Forecast	Full-Year Forecast		
Revenues	1,263	797	2,060	830	975	1,806	3,867		
Operating income	51	17	69	22	18	41	110		
Operating income margin	4.1	2.2	3.4	2.7	1.9	2.3	2.9		
Item	I N 4	A I		Dec 2020 R		01.1	<b></b>		
	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY		
Revenues	1,229	1,017	2,247	1,058	1,138	2,197	4,444		
Operating income	38	27	66	26	30	56	123		
Operating income margin	3.1	2.7	2.9	2.5	2.7	2.6	2.8		
Item	Comparison with FYE Dec 2020 (Upper: Difference / Lower: Difference (%))								
item	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	1H	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	2H	FY		
Povonuos	33	(219)	(186)	(227)	(162)	(390)	(577)		
Revenues	2.7	(21.6)	(8.3)	(21.5)	(14.3)	(17.8)	(13.0)		
Operating income	13	(10)	3	(3)	(12)	(15)	(12)		
	34.2	(36.3)	4.7	(13.4)	(39.4)	(27.5)	(10.2)		

Results and Forecast for FYE Dec 2021

#### **Special Factor**

- Cost increase associated with the employee system reform: [operating income] (0) [9 months], (0) [year]
- · Impact of COVID-19:

[revenues] +31 [9 months], +39 [year] [operating income] +3 [9 months], +4 [year]

· Impact of special allowance payments:

[operating income] +1 [Apr-Jun, year]

Impact of Revenue Recognition Standard:

[revenues] (363) [9 months], (586) [year]

· Impact of the spin-off of the Nittsu Shoji leasing business:

[revenues] (374) [9 months], (558) [year]

Provision:

[operating income] (2) [9 months], (5) [year]

3
Forecast
Change

	Full-Year Financial Results Forecast						
Item	Revised Forecast	Previous Forecast	Difference				
Revenues	3,867	3,825	42				
Operating income	110	110	0				
Operating income	2.9	2.9	_				

#### Forecast for October-December 2021

We forecast a significant decrease in revenues due to the spin-off of our leasing business and lower revenues due to the impact of revenue recognition standards. In addition to the increase in unit sales prices in our petroleum division, we expect our LS business, logistics equipment, and distribution products to experience a positive rebound due to the impact of COVID-19 in the previous year. However, we forecast lower operating income stemming from the significant impact of the spin-off of our leasing business.



# III. Challenges of the Business Plan (Progress)



# A Nippon Express Group Business Plan 2023 KPIs of Growth Strategy for Core Businesses

		Domestic *1				Overseas				
Item Revenues	2021 Jan-Sep Results	2020 Jan-Sep Results	Difference (%)	2021 Jan-Dec Forecast	Progress (%)	2021 Jan-Sep Results	2020 Jan-Sep Results	Difference (%)	2021 Jan-Dec Forecast	Progress (%)
Electric and Electronics Industry	¥81.7 billion	¥67.0 billion	22%	¥97.0 billion	84%	¥121.4 billion	¥81.7 billion	49%	¥137.5 billion	88%
Automotive Industry	¥62.4 billion	¥43.0 billion	45%	¥74.0 billion	84%	¥73.1 billion	¥46.6 billion	57%	¥85.0 billion	86%
Apparel Industry	¥11.7 billion	¥11.7 billion	(1%)	¥16.5 billion	71%	¥53.0 billion	¥37.2 billion	42%	¥55.0 billion	96%
Pharmaceutical/Medical Industry	¥11.7 billion	¥10.8 billion	9%	¥15.0 billion	78%	¥16.5 billion	¥9.0 billion	84%	¥18.5 billion	89%
Semiconductor-Related Industries	¥19.6 billion	¥13.9 billion	41%	¥21.5 billion	91%	¥10.6 billion	¥6.6 billion	61%	¥11.0 billion	96%

Item	2021 Jan-Sep Results	2020 Jan-Sep Results	Difference (%)	2021 Jan-Dec Forecast	Progress (%)	FYE March 2022 Business Plan Interim Goals
Ocean forwarding business*2	550,000 TEU	480,000 TEU	16%	860,000 TEU	64%	1,000,000 TEU
Expand air forwarding business*2	700,000 t	490,000 t	44%	865,000 t	81%	1,200,000 t

Item	2021	2020	Difference	2021	Progress (%)
Revenues	Jan-Sep Results	Jan-Sep Results	(%)	Jan-Dec Forecast	
Non-Japanese Customer Accounts (GAM • GTA*3)	¥48.3 billion	¥29.1 billion	66%	¥44.0 billion	110%

<sup>\*1</sup> Japan results, KPI figures are for non-consolidated Nippon Express. \*2 Results, differences (%) rounded to the nearest whole number

<sup>\*3</sup> GAM is an abbreviation for global account management. GTA is an abbreviation for global target accounts.

## III. Challenges of the Business Plan (Non-Consolidated)



B Sales by Business: Q2, FYE December 2021 (Apr-Sep, Cumulative)

(Millions of yen,%)									
	Results	Differ	ence	Difference (%)					
	Results	Vs. FYE 2020	Vs. FYE 2019	Vs. FYE 2020	Vs. FYE 2019				
Railway utilization business	32,732	(694)	(6,000)	(2.1)	(15.5)				
Small-lot shipment business	20,081	(92)	(2,189)	(0.5)	(9.8)				
Chartered Truck business	89,251	777	(6,115)	0.9	(6.4)				
Marine transportation business	64,890	22,068	16,048	51.5	32.9				
Harbor transportation business	33,990	4,083	(1,085)	13.7	(3.1)				
Air transportation business	139,399	53,460	50,002	62.2	55.9				
Warehousing and storage business	71,685	2,181	2,360	3.1	3.4				
In-factory business	28,045	2,979	3,680	11.9	15.1				
Moving and relocation business	24,848	2,868	(6,767)	13.0	(21.4)				
Other	101,262	(1,986)	(6,035)	(1.9)	(5.6)				
Total	606,187	85,643	43,898	16.5	7.8				

#### **Domestic Business**

 In the first quarter, we saw a positive rebound from the impact of COVID-19. In the second quarter onward, however, recovery has been slow and lacking in strength. Results were lower than the pre-COVID-19 period of FYE 2019, with the exception of international logistics, warehousing and storage, and in-factory businesses.

#### Railway Utilization Business

 Through the first quarter, the business was on a recovery track from the impact of COVID-19 in the previous year.
 However, in the second quarter, torrential rains and the impact of automobile industry production cutbacks due to semiconductor shortages resulted in lower revenues.

#### **Small-Lot Shipment Business**

 Revenues were trending toward a recovery through the first quarter. From the second quarter onward, revenues declined due to a decrease in volume for electronics- and food-related products.

#### **Chartered Truck Business**

 Revenues increased due to growth in volume for steeland beverage-related transport, despite the impact of a decrease in harvests of agricultural products due to unseasonable weather.

#### Warehousing and Storage Business

 Storage volume increased due to the start of new storage operations, resulting in an increase in revenue.

#### **In-Factory Business**

 In addition to volume for new e-commerce-related transport, revenues increased due to a recovery in steel industry production, which had been depressed in the previous year.

#### Moving and Relocation Business

 In general, the moving and relocation business remained sluggish. The international moving service saw a decrease in the number of contracts, but an increase in unit sales prices due to soaring ocean freight rates resulted in an increase in revenue.

#### **International Logistics**

Volume for both imports and exports increased. Revenues increased due to the continued high level of freight rates.



B Strategy to Enhance Domestic Businesses in Japan

### **Major Initiatives**

#### I. Improve Profits

- Pursued daily cost controls, continuing to leverage company strengths to the fullest and reduce outsourcing cost ratios
  - Revenues increased for the cumulative second quarter of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2021 (+16.5% year on year),; outsourcing cost ratio decreased 3.2 points
  - Improved utilization rate of company-owned vehicles (+2.3 points year on year) through ongoing implementation of vehicle matching to maximize the use of daily workforce
  - Continued to maintain cost controls and increased profit throughout the volume recovery phase

#### **II. Improve Productivity**

- Raise overall level of warehouse operations
- · Improved the level of operations at 435 locations
- Implemented Logistics Boot Camp, a core human resources development program, to promote productivity improvement in warehouse operations
- Continued to introduce labor-saving measures and automating operations
- Established the Logistics Division in October 2021
- ◆ Automate, streamline office work
  - · Continued to streamline work site tasks via RPA
- Generated 29,731 hours in 183 operations as of the end of September 2021; expanded the number of hours generated at an accelerated rate through the horizontal deployment of programs created
- Train 666 employees (tentative) via e-learning and add/strengthen leaders by December 2021

#### III. Deepen Integration of Land, Sea, and Air

- Pursue cross-mode sales
- Pursuing top-line growth by expanding transactions with existing customers through delving deeper into sales across land, sea, and air modes.

#### **IV. Strengthen Network Transportation Products**

- Increased sales of Protect BOX
- Refreshed the Protect BOX business in April 2021 Cumulative Q2 sales: 10,073 units (+80.6% YoY)
- Increased sales of domestic air and railroad containers
- Volume of Sea&Rail Hokkaido Route, a decarbonized and BCP-compliant long-distance transportation product, rose +11.3% year on year
- Began selling Sea & Rail Kyushu Route as a new service in August 2021.
- Structural Reform of the Moving & Relocation Business
- Established moving and relocation control centers (64 locations)
- Made full use of remote quotation system (Remomi) (+481.5% year on year)
- Usage of Remomi in preliminary estimates: +14.3 points vs. year on year
- Strengthen and Pursue Arrow Delivery Business
- Improved profitability by optimizing and streamlining operations, improving load factors, reducing outsourcing costs, etc.
- ◆ Launched new service: One-Stop Navi
- Service that allows cross-organizational comparison of our various transportation modes from various perspectives, including CO2 emissions, lead time, and freight rates (application that allows search by origin and destination)
- Received certification from SGS Japan (international certification company) verifying our method for calculating CO<sub>2</sub> emissions



C Progress in FYE December 2021 Back Office Cost Reductions (as of September 30, 2021)

## **Human Resource** System

- Employee categories
- Competency and grade system
- Extend retirement age in stages
- Vacation system

## Salary/Wage System

- Equal labor, equal pay
- Extend retirement benefit plan
- Benefits system

## Evaluation **System**

- Evaluate roles
- Evaluate value behaviors
- Performance evaluations

## Reinforcing Workplace Capabilities

- CSR, assign health and safety officers
- Revise team system

## Cost Impact

	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	FY2023 cumulative
Projected	¥10.0 billion increase			¥20.0 billion increase
Forecast			¥1.4 billion increase *9-mo. Forecast	¥12.0 billion increase
Actual	¥4.8 billion increase	¥0.94 billion increase	¥0.8 billion increase *As of September 30, 2021	





C Progress in FYE December 2021 Back Office Cost Reductions (as of September 30, 2021)

Enhancing Japanese Domestic Businesses	FY2023 Targets	ltem	FY2019 Results [YoY]	FY2020 Results [YoY]	FYE December 2021 Results (Apr-Jun)	FYE December 2021 Results (Jul-Sep)	Cumulative	FYE December 2021 Target (Apr-Dec)
Further reorganization of organizations/	ation tions/ ng of ative -\frac{\pmathbb{4}.5 \text{ billion}}{[-500]}	Further branch back office personnel reassignments	-¥1.10 billion [-124 employees]	-¥1.40 billion [-156 employees]	-	_	-¥3.34 billion [-374 employees]	-
streamlining of administrative departments		Reassign HQ employees	-	-¥0.82 billion [-91 employees]	_	-¥0.02 billion [-3 employees]		-¥0.07 billion [-8 employees]
Back office	-¥5 () hillion	Overtime [back office personnel]	-¥1.10 billion	-¥1.32 billion	+¥0.19 billion	+¥0.27 billion	-¥3.21 billion	-¥0.47 billion
process reform		Personnel dispatching cost [back office]	+¥0.15 billion	-¥1.04 billion	-¥0.3 billion	-¥0.06 billion		-¥1.08 billion
Total	-¥9.5 billion	Total	-¥2.05 billion	-¥4.58 billion	-¥0.11 billion	+¥0.19 billion	-¥6.55 billion	-¥1.62 billion

<sup>\*</sup> Figures for results and targets related to "Further reorganization of organizations/ streamlining of administrative departments" indicate the scale and approximate amounts for measures that are to be implemented.





### Reasons behind RPA adoption

Create more time for core tasks, including creative planning, business activities, etc.

⇒ Improve productivity and quality, reduce costs, and create potential new businesses.

### ~Planned Use Cases for RPA~

★Implement paperless work to automate general administrative tasks

**★AI-OCR** x RPA

~Implementation Case Study~

★Operations related to work plans

★Operations related to railway forwarding

★Operations related to accounting

### **Numerical Targets**

Create a cumulative 1 million hours by the end of FY2021

FY2021: 280,000 hours created

Through September 2021: 983,000 hours created

Created a cumulative 700,000 hours by the end of FY2020

FY2020:

380,000 hours created

End of FY2020 (cumulative):

720,000 hours created

Created a cumulative 400,000 hours by the end of FY2019

FY2019:

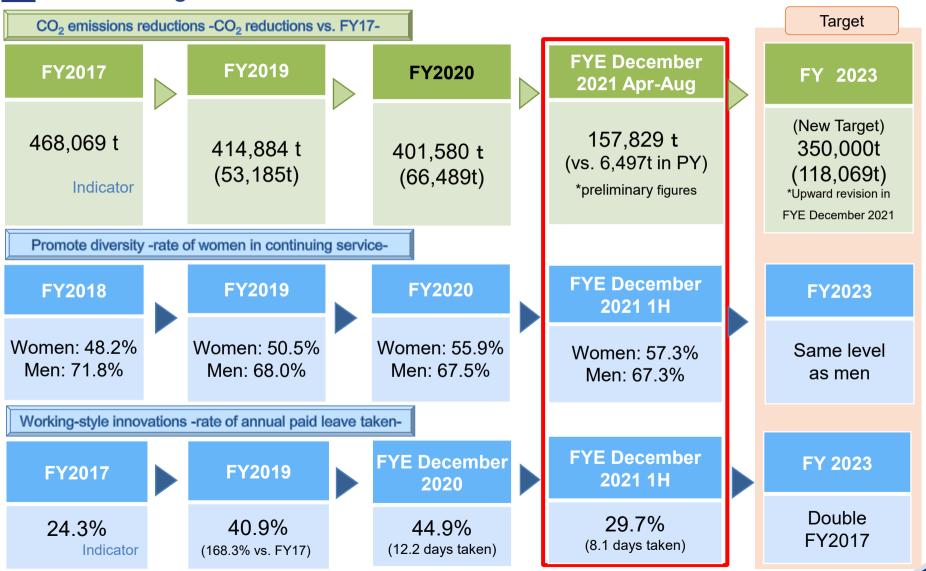
340,000 hours created

## Measures for implementing RPA

- ·Educational activities for all employees through e-learning
- Train and assign RPA Masters in each branch to analyze and standardize operations
- Support introduction of RPA in each overseas block and domestic affiliate



## **C** ESG Management





- D Transition to a Holding Company Structure
  - Establish new brand identity
  - Operations of integrated NX Group locations

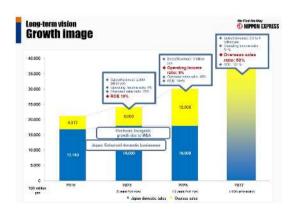
Establish Nippon Express Holdings, Inc.







- E Inorganic Growth Strategy
  - Grow into a global mega-forwarder through M&A
  - Build a global management foundation, a global customer base of non-Japanese customers, and a forwarding business foundation
- Exercising ESG-Oriented Business Management to Realize Sustainable Development
  - Pursue sustainability management
  - Implement digital transformation (DX)



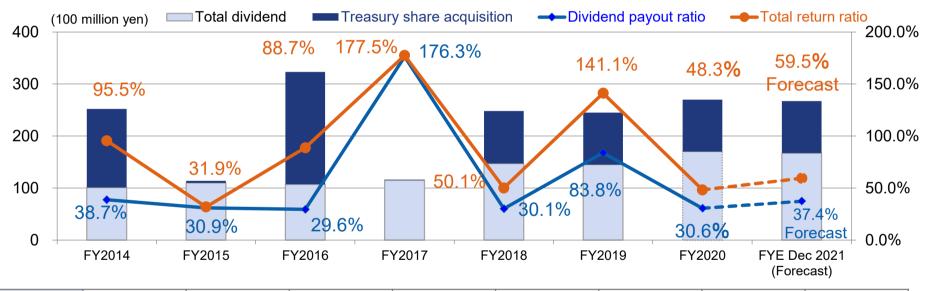


## IV. Return to Shareholders

## A Capital Policies

- ROE: 10%
- Dividend payout ratio 30% or more
- Total return ratio: Over 50% (cumulative total 2019-2023)
- Equity ratio: Target 35%

## **B** Key Indicators



Dividend per Share (Full-Year)	10	11	11	120*	155	155	185	185 (Forecast)
ROE	5.1	6.8	6.9	1.2	9.2	3.2	10.0	7.5 (Forecast)

<sup>\*</sup>The Company conducted a ten-for-one reverse stock split effective October 1, 2017.



No information contained in this document is intended to solicit purchase or sale of the Company's shares.

Views, forecasts, and other forward-looking statements contained in this document are based on the Company's assumptions, judgments and beliefs in light of the information currently available to it. Information is not guaranteed and is subject to change without prior notice.

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